AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT

Local Government Type:	Local Govern	nent Name:	County	
	Other Charter Town	ship of Van Buren	Wayne	
	Opinion Date April 5, 2006	Date Accou June 30, 20	ıntant Report Submitte	ed To State:
We have audited the financial statements of with the Statements of the Governmental Counties and Local Units of Government in	Accounting Standards E	pard (GASB) and the Uniform Rep		
We affirm that: 1. We have complied with the <i>Bulletin for</i> 2. We are certified public accountants reg			vised.	
We further affirm the following. "Yes" respondence of the second recommendations.	onses have been disclos	d in the financial statements, inclu	iding the notes, or in th	ne report of comme
□ yes □ no 2. There are accumula □ yes □ no 3. There are instance □ yes □ no 4. The local unit has v	units/funds/agencies of ated deficits in one or mo s of non-compliance wit	the local unit are excluded from the of this unit's unreserved fund bale the Uniform Accounting and Budouther an order issued under the Mudal Loan Act.	ances/retained earnin geting Act (P.A. 2 of 1	gs (P.A. 275 of 1980 968, as amended).
☐ yes ☑ no 5. The local unit holds [MCL 129.91] or P. ☐ yes ☑ no 6. The local unit has b	deposits/investments w A. 55 of 1982, as ameno been delinquent in distril	nich do not comply with statutory re	cted for another taxing	g unit.
normal cost require yes ⊠ no 8. The local unit uses	ement, no contributions a credit cards and has no	an is more than 100% funded and re due (paid during the year). adopted an applicable policy as rent policy as required by P.A. 196 o	quired by P.A. 266 of	
We have enclosed the following:		Enclo	To Be seed Forwarded	Not d Required
The letter of comments and recommendat	ions.			
Reports on individual federal assistance p	rograms (program audit).		
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).				\boxtimes
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name):	Plante & N	loran, PLLC		
Street Address 1000 Oakbrook Drive, Suite 400		City Ann Arbor	State MI	ZIP 48104-6815
Accountant Signature		<u> </u>	I .	1

Charter Township of Van Buren Wayne County, Michigan

Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
December 31, 2005

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Township Board Charter Township of Van Buren Wayne County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Charter Township of Van Buren as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Charter Township of Van Buren's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Charter Township of Van Buren as of December 31, 2005 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison schedules, as identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



To the Township Board Charter Township of Van Buren Wayne County, Michigan

The accompanying other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information is presented for the purpose of additional analysis. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter Township of Van Buren. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

April 5, 2006

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Charter Township of Van Buren's 2005 annual report is presented in conformity with the requirements of GASB 34. This annual report consists of four parts - management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplemental information, and other supplemental information that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Township. The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Township's overall financial status. The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Township's government, reporting the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Township as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid (full accrual).

The two government-wide statements report the Township's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between the Township's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the Township's financial health or position.

The government-wide financial statements of the Township are divided into three categories:

- Governmental activities Most of the Township's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, public works, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, state-shared revenue, landfill royalties, and charges for services provide most of the funding.
- Business-type activities The Township charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The Township's water and sewer system is treated as a business-type activity.
- Component units The Township includes two other entities in its report: the Downtown Development Authority and the Local Development Finance Authority. Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because the Township is financially accountable for them.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Township's most significant funds - not the Township as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Township uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by State law and bond covenants. The Township board establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes.

The Township has three types of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the Township's basic services are included in governmental
 funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash
 flow in and out, and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. The
 governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine
 whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to
 finance the Township's programs.
- Proprietary funds Services for which the Township charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary fund statements, like government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information.
- Fiduciary funds The Township is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these
 funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the Township's fiduciary activities are
 reported in a separate statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities. We exclude these
 activities from the Township's government-wide financial statements because the Township
 cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Overview

The Township has combined total net assets of \$85.1 million. This is an increase over 2004 of \$7.1 million. Business-type activities comprise \$60.9 million, and governmental activities make up \$24.2 million of the total net assets. In a condensed format, the table below shows a comparison of the net assets as of the current date to the prior year:

(In thousands)													
	G	overnmer	ital /	Activities	E	Business-typ	pe A	ctivities	Total				
		2005		2004		2005		2004		2005		2004	
Assets													
Current assets	\$	18,064	\$	18,804	\$	14,367	\$	10,939	\$	32,431	\$	29,743	
Noncurrent assets		11,300	_	9,714		62,528	_	60,597	_	73,828	_	70,311	
Total assets		29,364		28,518		76,895		71,536		106,259		100,054	
Liabilities													
Current liabilities		4,936		5,162		7,847		7,633		12,783		12,795	
Long-term liabilities		232	_	308		8,173		8,927	_	8,405	_	9,235	
Total liabilities		5,168	_	5,470		16,020		16,560		21,188		22,030	
Net Assets													
Invested in capital assets -													
Net of related debt		11,063		9,404		37,143		36,952		48,206		46,356	
Restricted		641		697		15,156		13,764		15,797		14,461	
Unrestricted		12,492	_	12,947		8,576	_	4,260	_	21,068	_	17,207	
Total net assets	\$	24,196	\$	23,048	\$	60,875	\$	54,976	\$	85,071	\$	78,024	

Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations, decreased \$.4 million for the governmental activities. The Township is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the governmental activities and business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The following table shows the changes in net assets for 2005:

(In thousands)	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities					Activities	Total					
	2	.005		2004		2005		2004		2005		2004
Revenue												
Program revenue:	Φ.		.		.	7.07/		F 350	.	0.001	.	7.040
Charges for services	\$	1,755	\$	1,902	\$	7,276	\$	5,358	\$	9,031	\$	7,260
Operating grants and												
contributions		591		518		-		-		591		518
Capital grants and												
contributions		714		253		73		180		787		433
General revenue:												
Property taxes		3,525		3,200		4,875		4,830		8,400		8,030
State-shared revenue		2,013		2,030		-		-		2,013		2,030
Unrestricted fees and other		237		233		_		-		237		233
Unrestricted investment earnings		481		271		594		279		1,075		550
Contribution of land from developer		_		1,200		_		-		-		1,200
Landfill royalties		2,955		3,126						2,955		3,126
Total revenue		12,271		12,733		12,818		10,647		25,089		23,380
Program Expenses												
General government		2,367		2,233		-		-		2,367		2,233
Public safety		6,188		6,629		_		_		6,188		6,629
Public works		37 I		174		_		_		371		174
Community and economic												
development		705		657		_		-		705		657
Recreation and culture		1,492		1,374		-		-		1,492		1,374
Water and sewer						6,919		6,393		6,919		6,393
Total program expenses		11,123		11,067		6,919	_	6,393		18,042		17,460
Change in Net Assets	\$	1,148	\$	1,666	<u>\$</u>	5,899	<u>\$</u>	4,254	<u>\$</u>	7,047	<u>\$</u>	5,920

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$12.2 million. A total of \$3.5 million was in the form of property tax collections. Charges for services such as court fines, building permits, and recreation fees accounted for \$1.8 million in revenue. State-shared revenues continue to be of concern. While they provided \$2.0 million, we are uncertain what will happen in 2006 given the State's continued financial difficulties. Landfill royalties brought in \$2.96 million in 2005.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Business-type Activities

The Charter Township of Van Buren has one business-type activity, the water and sewer operation. Revenues for business-type activities were \$12.8 million. Water is provided to the Charter Township of Van Buren's residents via the Detroit Water and Sewer Department. Sewage treatment is provided by contracts with South Huron Valley Utility Authority, Wayne County, the Downriver Sewage System, and the Ypsilanti Community Utility Authority.

Current Economic Events

In 2005, the board of trustees approved the formation of a traffic unit as a means to hire four additional police officers (bringing our total sworn personnel to 39) with the intent first, to provide for the public's safety and second, to do so with a sustainable operation. Forming a self-supporting traffic unit is one method to improve service without seeking support for a tax increase, i.e., millage to do so. If the unit is not first, addressing the public's need for safer roads and is not self-supporting; the unit will be reevaluated to determine whether or not it will be continued.

Other than the aforementioned traffic unit, no staff increases occurred in 2005. In fact, three positions became vacant in 2005, one in management, and the other two in hourly positions. These positions will remain vacant for the time being as a cost savings measure. A needed capital outlay was purchased in 2005 for the Department of Public Safety. In addition, a new telephone system was purchased with installation taking place late in 2005 at a cost of about \$85,000.

In November 2005, the Downtown Development Authority, Township board, and Department of Public Safety broke ground on a new fire station in the northern part of the Township. New Fire Station #2 will be located on the east side of Belleville Road just south of Ecorse Road and will replace the current 40-some year-old building. The new 17,000 square foot station includes four equipment bays, office space, bunking facilities (although Van Buren remains a paid on-call, i.e., part-time, fire department), and meeting rooms. This new fire station will be a voting precinct as well as a severe weather shelter. It is being built to enhance fire safety services without an increase in taxes to do so. The DDA is financing the cost of Fire Station #2 with a 22-year bond at a 4.53 percent interest rate. The funds used to pay the annual bond payments come from the capture of property taxes within the DDA district as provided for by State law.

In 2005, the DDA also refinanced the bond issued to fund the improvements that were made to Township Hall in the mid 90s. The bond was refinanced to reduce the interest rate from 8.4 percent to 4.67 percent. Not only will this save the DDA \$1.48 million, but it will also enable the bond to be paid off in 10 years, two years earlier than the original bond.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

In June, the board approved undertaking an evaluation of the Township's information technologies at a cost of \$39,000. This technology evaluation was to encompass the wide range of technologies utilized at the Township from the personal computers one sees on every desk, to the computer aided dispatch and E-9-1-1 systems in Public Safety, to the software that enables financial records to be maintained as well as software that is used in development and leisure services. Other technologies evaluated included software for maintaining property assessment and tax records and geographic information systems. The assessment was to define the maturity of existing technologies and provide recommendations for future improvements and establish financial estimates and the prioritization of those recommendations. The intent is for the plan to serve as a guide for future technology advancements and improvements, and to enhance or achieve service efficiencies. The board received and filed the plan in early 2006.

In parks and recreation, a number of projects, made possible with the \$2 million Wayne County parks grant the Township was awarded in 2004, commenced in 2005. Among these are improvements to the beach area and the relocation of the entrance at Van Buren Park, restrooms for Van Buren and French Landing Parks, and completion of the Senior Activity Garden located in Quirk Park behind Township Hall.

The Water and Sewer Department commenced design work on a \$16 million equalization basin, a large storage tank that would be used to store storm water to be released into the sanitary sewer system after wet weather events to prevent flooding and to guard against flows in the system exceeding contractual capacities. This multi-million dollar project has received approval by the State of Michigan for inclusion in its list of State Revolving Fund projects as being eligible for a low-interest (1.625 percent) loan to make this vital project affordable for our community. The basin will be built on property west of Hannan Road and south of Huron River Drive, which the Township is acquiring from Wayne County.

Financial Analysis of Township Funds and Budgets

The General Fund 2005 budget approved by the board prior to the start of the fiscal year was \$11,775,738. Final amendments to the 2005 budget resulted in a revised budget of \$11,679,505 a \$96,233 reduction. Initial revenues were projected at \$8,071,752 with \$3,447,775 in planned transfers from General Fund fund balance and the Landfill Fund. Final 2005 budget amendments reflected revenues of \$7,859,784, \$211,968 less than anticipated, with planned transfers decreasing to \$3,417,330.

The General Fund ended 2005 with a fund balance of \$3.1 million, with \$122,018 reserved for prepaids. Total revenues were \$8.6 million, excluding a transfer in from the Landfill Fund of \$3.4 million. Tax revenue was up due to increased taxable value. Tax collections were \$3.1 million for 2005, which is an increase of \$200,000 over 2004. State-shared revenue was \$2.0 million, and licenses and permit revenue was \$1.0 million. Total expenditures were \$11.8 million. The cost of public safety (the five components comprising police, fire, emergency dispatch, emergency management, and animal control) alone is approximately \$6.4 million of the operating budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The General Fund budget is amended throughout the year as deemed necessary. This is done primarily to prevent expenditures from being over budget.

Capital Assets and Debt

At the end of 2005, the Township had approximately \$57 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, police and fire equipment, and water and sewer lines, net of related accumulated depreciation.

Debt related to the water and sewer system totaling \$8.9 million is recorded as a liability in the business-type activities in the statement of net assets.

Contact Us

This report is intended to aid our residents and other interested parties in understanding the Township's financial condition and to show the Township's accountability for money it receives. Should you have further questions, we welcome you to contact the clerk's office.

Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) December 31, 2005

	Primary Government				nment			
		vernmental Activities		iness-type activities	Total		Component Units	
Assets								
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$	13,572,466	\$	8,491,605	\$	22,064,071	\$	4,955,113
Receivables - Net:								
Property taxes		3,344,712		4,454,881		7,799,593		5,055
Special assessments		211,164		2,128		213,292		-
Customers		-		1,313,872		1,313,872		-
Accrued interest and other receivables		284,249		61,754		346,003		5,748
Internal balances (Note 5)		6,387		(6,387)		-		-
Due from governmental units		522,183		29,192		551,375		-
Prepaid expenditures		122,641		19,781		142,422		-
Long-term assessment receivable		-		10,369		10,369		-
Restricted assets (Note 7)				16,457,932		16,457,932		8,240,449
Capital assets (Note 4):								
Capital assets not being depreciated		2,849,897		1,384,600		4,234,497		-
Capital assets being depreciated - Net		8,450,430		44,675,022		53,125,452	_	989,587
Total assets		29,364,129		76,894,749		106,258,878		14,195,952
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		527,367		589,839		1,117,206		276,984
Accrued and other liabilities		140,041		987,589		1,127,630		1,593,178
Cash bonds and deposits		377, 4 65		-		377,465		-
Deferred revenue (Note 15)		3,815,462		5,503,716		9,319,178		2,406,077
Noncurrent liabilities (Note 6):								
Due within one year		75,759		765,641		841,400		1,142,638
Due in more than one year		231,839		8,173,002		8,404,841		34,776,033
Total liabilities		5,167,933	-	16,019,787		21,187,720		40,194,910
Not Acces (Deficio)								
Net Assets (Deficit) Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt		11,062,759		37,142,993		48.205.752		989.587
Restricted:		11,002,737		37,172,773		70,203,732		707,307
Law enforcement		128,522				128,522		
911 service		394,378		-		394,378		-
		17,087		-		17.087		-
Museum capital projects		17,087		-		17,087		-
Special assessments				-				-
Water and sewer line construction and debt (Note 7)		-		15,155,978		15,155,978		2 204 042
Debt service		-		- 0 575 001		-		3,206,063
Unrestricted		12,491,955		8,575,991		21,067,946		(30,194,608)
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ 2	24,196,196	\$ 6	0,874,962	\$	85,071,158	\$	(25,998,958)

		Program Revenues							
				(Operating	Cap	oital Grants		
		(Charges for		Grants and		and		
	 Expenses	Services		Contributions		Со	ntributions		
Functions/Programs									
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 2,367,633	\$	117,486	\$	-	\$	-		
Public safety	6,188,712		1,219,857		192,045		516,152		
Public works	370,825		-		84,494		137,765		
Community and economic development	705,043		142,547		241,745		60,580		
Recreation and culture	 1,491,780		274,833		72,742		-		
Total governmental activities	11,123,993		1,754,723		591,026		714,497		
Business-type activities - Water and sewer	 6,919,172		7,276,364				73,303		
Total primary government	\$ 18,043,165	\$	9,031,087	\$	591,026	\$	787,800		
Component units:									
Downtown Development Authority	\$ 1,882,340	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Local Development Finance Authority	 2,452,278						<u>-</u>		
Total component units	\$ 4,334,618	\$	-	\$	-	\$			

General revenues:

Property taxes State-shared revenues Unrestricted fees and other Unrestricted investment earnings Landfill royalties

Total general revenues

Change in Net Assets (Deficit)

Net Assets (Deficit) - Beginning of year

Net Assets (Deficit) - End of year

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Net	(Expense) Revenue	and (Changes in Net A	Assets
		Primary Governmer	ıt		
G	iovernmental	Business-type			
	Activities	Activities		Total	Component Units
\$	(2,250,147)	\$ -	\$	(2,250,147)	\$ -
	(4,260,658)	-		(4,260,658)	=
	(148,566)	-		(148,566)	-
	(260,171)	-		(260,171)	-
	(1,144,205)			(1,144,205)	
	(8,063,747)	-		(8,063,747)	-
		430,495		430,495	
	(8,063,747)	430,495		(7,633,252)	-
	-	-		-	(1,882,340)
					(2,452,278)
	-	-		-	(4,334,618)
	3,525,095	4,874,880		8,399,975	3,166,585
	2,013,192	-		2,013,192	-
	237,438	-		237,438	<u>-</u>

593,990

5,468,870

5,899,365

54,975,597

60,874,962

481,287

2,954,751

9,211,763

1,148,016

23,048,180

24,196,196

1,075,277 2,954,751

14,680,633

7,047,381

78,023,777

85,071,158

260,054

3,426,639

(907,979)

(25,090,979)

(25,998,958)

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet December 31, 2005

A		General Fund		Landfill Fund		er Nonmajor nmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$	3,615,072	\$	8,548,850	\$	1,408,544	\$	13,572,466
Receivables:		2 244 712						2 244 712
Property taxes		3,344,712		-		-		3,344,712
Special assessments Accrued interest and other receivables		- 96,739		- 187,510		211,164		211,164 284,249
Prepaid expenditures		122,018		167,310		623		122,641
Due from other funds (Note 5)		272,532		93.182		115,524		481,238
Due from other governmental units		363,762		73,162		158,421		522,183
Due nomother governmental units		303,702				130,421		322,103
Total assets	\$	7,814,835	\$	8,829,542	\$	1,894,276	<u>\$</u>	18,538,653
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	376,221	\$	-	\$	151,146	\$	527,367
Accrued and other liabilities		139,525		-		516		140,041
Due to other funds		-		115,524		359,327		474,851
Cash bonds and deposits		377,465		-		-		377,465
Deferred revenue (Note 15)		3,843,210		-		340,123	_	4,183,333
Total liabilities		4,736,421		115,524		851,112		5,703,057
Fund Balances								
Reserved for:								
Law enforcement		-		-		128,522		128,522
911 service		-		-		394,378		394,378
Museum capital projects		-		-		17,087		17,087
Special assessments		-		-		101, 4 95		101, 4 95
Prepaids		122,018		-		-		122,018
Unreserved, reported in:								
General Fund		794,364		-		-		794,364
Special Revenue Funds		-		2,564,018		(61,422)		2,502,596
Designated (Note 13)		2,162,032		6,150,000		463,104	_	8,775,136
Total fund balances		3,078,414		8,714,018		1,043,164	_	12,835,596
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,814,835	\$	8,829,542	\$	1,894,276		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the sta Capital assets used in governmental activities are not Special assessment and delinquent property tax rece	financia	al resources an	d are	not reported in	the fund			11,300,327
and are not available to pay for current year exper		-			/-			367,871
Long-term notes payable are not due and payable in			d are i	not reported in	the fund	ls		(237,568)
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the				-				(70,030)
Net assets of governmental activities							\$	24,196,196

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2005

						Other		
						Nonmajor		Total
		General		Landfill	G	overnmental	G	overnmental
		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$	3,109,522	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,109,522
Licenses, fees, and permits	Ψ	1,020,215	•	_	Ψ.	_	Ψ.	1,020,215
State sources		2,013,192		_		_		2,013,192
Federal sources		349,929		_		128,403		478,332
Charges for services		645,217		_		-		645,217
Interest income		217,243		222,572		41,472		481,287
Special assessments		,				27,475		27,475
Landfill royalties		_		2,954,751		-		2,954,751
Other revenue		1,247,878				427,964		1,675,842
Total revenue		8,603,196		3,177,323		625,314		12,405,833
Expenditures								
General government		2,681,152		-		-		2,681,152
Public safety		6,447,437		-		292,976		6,740,413
Public works		135,859		-		132,521		268,380
Community and economic development		278,047		-		355,158		633,205
Recreation and culture		1,705,133		-		72,542		1,777,675
Insurance and other		550,132		-		274,673		824,805
Total expenditures		11,797,760			_	1,127,870		12,925,630
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)								
Expenditures		(3,194,564)		3,177,323		(502,556)		(519,797)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		3,417,330		-		115,524		3,532,854
Transfers out				(3,532,854)		-		(3,532,854)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		3,417,330		(3,532,854)		115,524		
Net Change in Fund Balances		222,766		(355,531)		(387,032)		(519,797)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		2,855,648		9,069,549		1,430,196		13,355,393
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	3,078,414	<u>\$</u>	8,714,018	<u>\$</u>	1,043,164	\$	12,835,596

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2005

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (519,797)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation	1,628,285
In the statement of activities, the loss on disposal of assets is recorded and in the funds the proceeds from sale of assets are reported	(41,685)
Governmental funds report issuance of debt as revenues and principal payments of the debt as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these proceeds are recorded as a liability and principal payments as a reduction to the liability	72,523
Special assessment revenues are recorded in the statement of activities when the assessment is set; they are not reported in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of year end	110,290
Certain revenue reported in the statement of activities in the current year does not provide current financial resources in the governmental funds until future years	(101,746)
The change in accumulated employee sick and vacation pay is recorded when earned in the statement of activities	 146
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,148,016

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise - Water and Sewer Fund Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2005

(with comparative information for 2004)

		2005		2004
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	8,491,605	\$	5,278,947
Receivables:				
Property taxes		4,454,881		3,863,915
Special assessments		2,128		3,200
Customers		1,313,872		921,696
Accrued interest and other receivables		61,754		259,772
Due from other funds (Note 5)		· -		2,050
Due from other governmental units		29,192		591,375
Prepaid expenses		19,781		18,518
' '				
Total current assets		14,373,213		10,939,473
Noncurrent assets:				
Long-term assessments receivable		10,369		14,668
Restricted assets (Note 7)		16,457,932		13,763,553
Capital assets not being depreciated (Note 4)		1,384,600		3,234,573
Capital assets being depreciated - Net (Note 4)		44,675,022		43,583,823
Total noncurrent assets	_	62,527,923	_	60,596,617
Total assets		76,901,136		71,536,090
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable		589,839		746,868
Due to other funds (Note 5)		6,387		· -
Accrued and other liabilities		987,589		917,700
Deferred revenue (Note 15)		5,503,716		5,009,573
Current portion of long-term obligations (Note 6)		765,641		959,251
Total current liabilities		7,853,172		7,633,392
Noncurrent liabilities - Long-term debt - Net of current portion (Note 6)		8,173,002		8,927,101
Total liabilities	_	16,026,174		16,560,493
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt		37,142,993		36,951,955
Restricted (Note 7)		15,155,978		13,763,553
Unrestricted		8,575,991		4,260,089
Total net assets	\$	60,874,962	\$	54,975,597

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise - Water and Sewer Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended December 31, 2005

(with comparative information for 2004)

	2005			2004
Operating Revenue				
Water sales	\$	2,244,946	\$	1,596,911
Sewage disposal revenue	•	1,712,917	•	1,285,441
Water and sewer service charge		2,319,824		2,093,797
Customer penalties		92,032		61,332
Other revenue		453,508		320,123
Total operating revenue		6,823,227		5,357,604
Operating Expenses				
Salaries and wages		671,794		608,207
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits		313,044		267, 4 68
Insurance		171, 4 79		168,924
Supplies and materials		33,080		68, 4 60
Engineering fees		8, 4 80		16,627
Professional services		82,718		180,709
Vehicle expense		28,666		19,986
Water purchase		2,062,543		1,723,612
Sewage disposal charges		1,310,007		1,181,504
Maintenance		39,253		73,360
Depreciation and amortization		1,492,392		1,326,114
Administration fee		386,198		365,715
Other expenses		89,385		97,218
Total operating expenses		6,689,039		6,097,904
Operating Income (Loss)		134,188		(740,300)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)				
Property taxes		4,874,880		4,829,549
Federal sources		59,913		59,925
Interest income		593,990		279,041
Interest expense		(230,133)		(294,882)
Total nonoperating revenue		5,298,650		4,873,633
Income - Before capital contributions		5,432,838		4,133,333
Capital Contributions		466,527		120,205
Change in Net Assets		5,899,365		4,253,538
Net Assets - Beginning of year		54,975,597		50,722,059
Net Assets - End of year	\$ 6	50,874,962	\$	54,975,597

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise - Water and Sewer Fund Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2005

(with comparative information for 2004)

		2005		2004
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers	\$	6,197,290	\$	5,198,606
Payments to suppliers	Ψ	(4,297,186)	۳	(3,780,174)
Payments to employees		(978,111)		(869,034)
Other receipts		454,295		297,970
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,376,288		847,368
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Proceeds from property tax levy		4,778,057		5,161,929
Capital contribution		453,137		-
Collection of customer special assessments		6,470		5,858
Proceeds from grant revenue		600,367		-
Purchase of capital assets		(710,789)		(1,536,869)
Increase in monies held at Wayne County for debt retirement		(95,084)		(162,090)
Principal and interest paid on capital debt	_	(1,013,585)	_	(1,416,281)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities		4,018,573		2,052,547
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - Interest received on investments		569,853		201,776
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		5,964,714		3,101,691
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year		17,682,869		14,581,178
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$	23,647,583	\$	17,682,869
Balance Sheet Classification of Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Cash and equivalents	\$	8,491,605	\$	5,278,947
Restricted assets (Note 7)		15,155,978		12,403,922
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,647,583	<u>\$</u>	17,682,869
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$	134,188	\$	(740,300)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		1,492,392		1,326,114
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Receivables		(194,158)		161,124
Prepaid expenses		(1,263)		(23)
Due from other funds		8,437		(400)
Due from other governmental units		21,729		(21,729)
Accounts payable		(157,029)		(59,468)
Accrued and other liabilities		71,992	_	182,050
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	1,376,288	\$	847,368

Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities - During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Water and Sewer Fund received \$13,390 of vehicles donated from governmental activities. In addition, the Township has assets held at Wayne County for the purpose of financing water and sewer lines. During the year ended December 31, 2005, interest income of \$23,038 was earned on these assets and \$51,617 was expended for interest payments.

Fiduciary Fund - Agency Fund Statement of Assets and Liabilities December 31, 2005

Assets - Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,490,239
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Component Units Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) December 31, 2005

	DDA			LDFA		Totals
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	4,320,806	\$	634,307	\$	4,955,113
Property tax receivable		5,055		-		5,055
Accounts receivable		5,748		-		5,748
Restricted assets (Note 7)		4,946,519		3,293,930		8,240,449
Capital assets being depreciated - Net (Note 4)		989,587				989,587
Total assets		10,267,715		3,928,237		14,195,952
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		215,987		60,997		276,984
Accrued liabilities		141,284		1,451,894		1,593,178
Deferred revenue		1,097,108		1,308,969		2,406,077
Noncurrent liabilities (Note 6):						
Due within one year		497,638		645,000		1,142,638
Due in more than one year		8,266,377	_	26,509,656		34,776,033
Total liabilities	_	10,218,394		29,976,516		40,194,910
Net Assets (Deficit)						
Investment in capital assets		989,587		-		989,587
Restricted for debt service		1,254,813		1,951,250		3,206,063
Unrestricted		(2,195,079)	_	(27,999,529)		(30,194,608)
Total net assets (deficit)	\$	49,321	\$	(26,048,279)	\$	(25,998,958)

			Program Revenues						
					Operating		Capital Grants		
			Cha	rges for	Grants and		and		
	Expenses Services		Contributions		Contributions				
Downtown Development Authority:	4	1.545.005	.		.		•		
Community and economic development Interest on long-term debt	\$	1,545,885 336,455	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Local Development Finance Authority:									
Community and economic development		877,332		-		-		-	
Interest on long-term debt		1,574,946				-			
Total governmental activities	\$	4,334,618	\$	-	\$		\$		

General revenues:

Property taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Total general revenues

Change in Net Assets (Deficit)

Net Assets (Deficit) - Beginning of year

Net Assets (Deficit) - End of year

Component Units Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2005

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

DDA	LDFA	Total
\$ (1,545,885)	\$ -	\$ (1,545,885)
(336,455)	-	(336,455)
	(877,332)	(877,332)
=	, ,	, ,
	(1,574,946)	(1,574,946)
(1,882,340)	(2,452,278)	(4,334,618)
1,821,268	1,345,317	3,166,585
158,554	101,500	260,054
1,979,822	1,446,817	3,426,639
97,482	(1,005,461)	(907,979)
(48,161)	(25,042,818)	(25,090,979)
\$ 49,321	\$ (26,048,279)	\$ (25,998,958)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Charter Township of Van Buren (the "Township") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Charter Township of Van Buren:

Reporting Entity

The Township is governed by an elected seven-member board of trustees. The accompanying financial statements present the Township and its component units, entities for which the Township is considered to be financially accountable. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Township (see discussion below for description).

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was created to correct and prevent deterioration in a specific district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within a specific district. The DDA's governing body, which consists of 11 individuals, is selected by the board of trustees. In addition, the DDA's budget is subject to approval by the board of trustees. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Charter Township of Van Buren at 46425 Tyler Road, Van Buren Township, Michigan 48111.

The Local Development Financing Authority (LDFA) was created to encourage local development to prevent conditions of unemployment and promote economic growth. This purpose is accomplished by the LDFA by collecting captured property taxes under a tax increment financing plan in accordance with state law and budgeting expenditures for improvements in the LDFA's district boundaries. The LDFA's governing body, which consists of 11 individuals, is selected by the board of trustees. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Charter Township of Van Buren at 46425 Tyler Road, Van Buren Township, Michigan 48111.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual Enterprise Fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund, fiduciary fund, and component unit financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: state-shared revenue, district court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period. Conversely, special assessments and federal grant reimbursements will be collected after the period of availability; receivables have been recorded for these, along with a "deferred revenue" liability. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the Township.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Landfill Fund - The Landfill Fund accounts for royalty payments received related to the landfill.

The Township reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Sewer Fund - The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for the results of operations that provide water and sewer services to residents, financed primarily by a user charge for the provision of those services and a local property tax levy.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund type:

Agency Funds - The Agency Funds account for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Private sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989 are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The Township has elected not to follow private sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its business-type activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Township's water and sewer function and various other functions of the Township. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Water and Sewer Fund relates to charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Fund also recognizes tap fees intended to recover current costs (e.g., labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. Property taxes to be used for capital costs and debt service are recognized as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes are levied on each December I on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Taxes are considered delinquent on March I of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The Township's 2004 ad valorem tax is levied and collectible on December 1, 2004 and is recognized as revenue in the year ended December 31, 2005, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The 2004 taxable valuation of the Township totaled \$948,075,807 (a portion of which is abated and a portion of which is captured by the LDFA and DDA), on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of .9202 mills for operating purposes, 2.9862 mills for public safety, and 5.5906 mills for water and sewer. This resulted in \$733,000 for operating, \$2,384,000 for public safety, and \$4,876,000 for water and sewer. These amounts are recognized in the General and Water and Sewer Funds financial statements as tax revenue.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Bank Deposits and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Prepaid Items - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets - Restricted assets of the Water and Sewer Fund represent amounts on deposit at the county and property tax collections to be used for the capital costs or debt service of the Township's water and sewer lines. The Downtown Development Authority Bonds and the Local Development Finance Authority Bonds require amounts to be set aside for debt service principal and interest and bond reserves. Additionally, the unspent bond proceeds of the Local Development Finance Authority and Downtown Development Authority are required to be set aside for construction. These amounts have also been classified as a restricted asset.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Utility system	50 years
Land improvement	15 years
Buildings and improvements	50 years
Equipment and furniture	5-10 years
Vehicles	5 years
French Landing dam	50 years

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave) - It is the Township's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. All sick and vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year end.

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information - The annual budget is prepared by the Township treasurer and adopted by the Township board; subsequent amendments are approved by the Township board. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. The amount of encumbrances outstanding at December 31, 2005 has not been calculated. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

Annual budgets are adopted on a consistent basis with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds with the following exceptions:

- Certain federal revenue is budgeted as an offset to the related expenditures being reimbursed.
- Budgets were not adopted for the following Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:
 - Venetian DeWitt Paving
 - Belle Harbor/Lake Crest Paving

Budgets were adopted on an activity basis; expenditures at this level in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. A comparison of actual results of operations to the General Fund budget and Major Special Revenue Funds budgets as adopted by the Township board is included in the required supplemental information.

This comparison includes expenditure budget overruns. A comparison of the actual results of operations to the nonmajor Special Revenue Funds budgets as adopted by the Township board is available at the clerk's office for inspection.

The were no significant expenditure budget overruns for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Fund Deficits - The deficit in the Lohr Road Fund of \$76,287, Venetian/DeWitt Paving Fund of \$4,944, and the Belle Harbor/Lake Crest Paving Fund of \$127,577 will be eliminated in future years as special assessment district collections are received.

The accumulated deficit in the Community Development Block Grant Fund of \$116,694 will be eliminated upon receipt of a reimbursement from the county.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

Construction Code Fees - The Township oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The Township charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative shortfall generated since January 1, 2000 is as follows:

Shortfall at January 1, 2005	\$ (420,459)
Current year building permit revenue Related expenses:	929,054
Direct costs Estimated indirect costs	907,340 194,622
Total construction code expenses	1,101,962
Cumulative shortfall at December 31, 2005	<u>\$ (593,367)</u>

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended), authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. To the extent that cash from various funds has been pooled in an investment vehicle, related investment income is allocated to each fund based on relative participation in the pool, except that Agency Funds' investment earnings are allocated to the General Fund. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all of the state statutory authority as listed above. The component units' investment policy mirrors that of the Township.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Township and component units' cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the Township had \$18,898,251 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized; the component units had \$8,249,043 that were uninsured and uncollateralized. Additionally, the Township holds \$2,898,000 in negotiable certificates of deposit which are entirely covered by FDIC insurance. The Township believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Township evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The Township's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. At year end, the average maturities of investments are as follows:

		Weighted
Investment	Fair Value	Average Maturity
U.S. government securities Negotiable certificates of deposit	\$ 6,150,00 2,898,00	

Credit Risk - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Township has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Government-wide

			Rating
Investment	Fair Value	Rating	Organization
Bank investment pool	\$ 9,061,816	AI/PI/FI	S & P
Bank investment pool	900,697	Not rated	N/A
Negotiable certificates of deposit	2,898,000	Not rated	N/A

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Component Units

•			Rating
Investment	Fair Value	Rating	Organization
Bank investment pool	\$ 4,946,520	AI/PI/FI	S & P

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Township's governmental activities, business-type activities, and component units was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	January I,		Disposals and	December 31,
	2005	Additions	Adjustments	2005
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,638,593	\$ 505,822	\$ -	\$ 2,144,415
Construction in progress		705,482		705,482
Subtotal	1,638,593	1,211,304	-	2,849,897
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	519,994	219,413	-	739,407
Buildings and improvements	5,742,892	100,624	-	5,843,516
Equipment and furniture	2,181,403	392,570	-	2,573,973
Vehicles	3,186,403	401,295	(147,812)	3,439,886
French Landing dam	2,809,800	<u> </u>		2,809,800
Subtotal	14,440,492	1,113,902	(147,812)	15,406,582
Accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	56,730	35,296	-	92,026
Buildings and improvements	1,116,420	161,185	-	1,277,605
Equipment and furniture	1,404,135	296,318	-	1,700,453
Vehicles	2,045,997	204,122	(106,127)	2,143,992
French Landing dam	1,742,076			1,742,076
Subtotal	6,365,358	696,921	(106,127)	6,956,152
Net capital assets being depreciated	8,075,134	416,981	(41,685)	8,450,430
Net capital assets	\$ 9,713,727	\$ 1,628,285	\$ (41,685)	\$ 11,300,327

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

		Balance								Balance
		January I,					Dis	sposals and	D	ecember 31,
		2005	Re	Reclassifications* Additions		Adjustments			2005	
Business-type Activities										
Capital assets not being										
depreciated - Construction										
in progress	\$	3,234,573	\$	(2,251,251)	\$	401,278	\$	-	\$	1,384,600
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Buildings		300,000		-		6,325		-		306,325
Utility system		63,816,912		2,251,251		270,040		-		66,338,203
Equipment		442,352		-		5,826		-		448,178
Vehicles	_	424,271		-	_	40,710		(52,281)	_	412,700
Subtotal		64,983,535		2,251,251		322,901		(52,281)		67,505,406
Accumulated depreciation:										
Buildings		54,000		-		6,069		-		60,069
Utility system		20,810,549		-		1,396,474		-		22,207,023
Equipment		328,960		-		20,589		-		349,549
Vehicles	_	206,203		<u> </u>	_	59,821	_	(52,281)	_	213,743
Subtotal	_	21,399,712			_	1,482,953	_	(52,281)	_	22,830,384
Net capital assets being										
depreciated	_	43,583,823		2,251,251	_	(1,160,052)	_	-	_	44,675,022
Net capital assets	\$	46,818,396	\$		\$	(758,774)	\$		\$	46,059,622

^{*} The Township reclassified certain water and sewer utility construction projects from construction in progress to reflect the assets placed in service during the year ended December 31, 2005.

		Balance						Balance
	January I,				Disposals and Adjustments		December 31, 2005	
	2005		Additions					
Component Unit - DDA								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Construction in progress	\$	10,330	\$	-	\$	(10,330)	\$	-
Land		505,822				(505,822)		
Subtotal		516,152		-		(516,152)		-
Capital assets being depreciated - Land								
improvements		1,384,497		-		(93,662)		1,290,835
Accumulated depreciation - Land improvements		234,952		76,244		(9,948)		301,248
Net component unit capital assets								
being depreciated		1,149,545		(76,244)		(83,714)		989,587
Net capital assets	\$	1,665,697	\$	(76,244)	\$	(599,866)	\$	989,587

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	

General government	\$	123,188
Public safety		473,291
Community and economic development		36,630
Recreation and culture		63,812
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	696,921
Business-type activities - Water and sewer	\$	1,482,953

Construction Commitments - The Township has active construction projects at year end. At year end, the Township's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	9	Spent to	I	Remaining
		Date	C	ommitment
Fire Station #2 EQ Basin Design	\$ 	448,912 35,712		3,426,188 714,288
Total	\$	484,624	\$	4,140,476

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 266,145
Landfill Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	93,182
Nonmajor governmental funds	Landfill Fund	115,524
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	6,387
Total		\$ 481,238

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

These balances result from the time lag between the dates that goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements are comprised of the following:

Fund Providing Resources	Fund Receiving Resources	 Amount		
Landfill Fund Landfill Fund	Capital Improvement Fund General Fund	\$ 115,524 3,417,330		
Total		\$ 3,532,854		

The transfer from the Landfill Fund to the General Fund represents royalties received from Waste Management, of which \$3,067,330 represents the use of unrestricted resources to finance general government operations, in accordance with budgetary authorizations. The remaining funds received by the Landfill Fund from Waste Management and transferred to the General Fund are for the following purposes: \$200,000 for public health safety and welfare; \$100,000 for parks and recreation beautification and improvements; and \$50,000 for environmental protections.

The transfers from the Landfill Fund to the Capital Improvement Fund represent funds used for construction of capital assets within the Township.

Note 6 - Long-term Debt

The Township issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. County contractual agreements and State Revolving Funds are obligations of the Water and Sewer Fund.

The employee compensated absences represent the estimated liability to be paid to employees under the Township's vacation policy. Under the Township's policy, employees earn vacation time based on time of service with the Township.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges		Beginning Balance	А	dditions	Reductions			Ending Balance		ue Within ne Year
Governmental Activities												
Installment purchase obligation - Pierce Class "A" Fire - Amount of issue - \$385,079	4.37%	\$72,523 - \$82,670	\$	310,091	\$	_	\$	(72,523)	\$	237,568	\$	75,759
Other long-term obligations - Compensated												
absences				70,176		-	_	(146)	_	70,030		-
Total governmental activities			\$	380,267	\$		\$	(72,669)	\$	307,598	\$	75,759
Business-type Activities												
Contractual obligations with Wayne County: Metropolitan Water Supply System, Series III Bonds: Amount of issue - \$875,000	4.00%	¢40,000	•	40,000	¢		\$	(40,000)	•		•	
Maturing through 2005 Metropolitan Sewerage and Sewer Disposal System, Series I Bonds: Amount of issue - \$2,750,000	4.00%	\$40,000	\$	40,000	\$	-	Þ	(40,000)	>	-	\$	-
Maturing through 2005 Metropolitan Sewerage and Sewer Disposal System,	4.125%	\$100,000		100,000		-		(100,000)		-		-
Series II Bonds: Amount of issue - \$1,675,000 Maturing through 2005	4.00%	\$60.000		60,000				(60,000)				
1994 Wastewater Refunding Bonds:	4.00 76	\$60,000		60,000		-		(60,000)		-		-
Amount of issue - \$677,368		\$53,118 -										
Maturing through 2009	6.00%	\$65,376		297,370		-		(53,118)		244,252		56,750
Metropolitan Water Supply System, Series IV Bonds: Amount of issue - \$1,000,000								, ,				
Maturing through 2006 Metropolitan Sewerage and Sewer Disposal System, Series III Bonds:	6.50%	\$60,000		120,000		-		(60,000)		60,000		60,000
Amount of issue - \$2,000,000 Maturing through 2006 Downriver Sewage Disposal Bonds, Series A:	6.50%	\$80,000		160,000		-		(80,000)		80,000		80,000
Amount of issue - \$73,539	4.5% -	\$5,944										
Maturing through 2013	5.125%	\$8,605		64,595		-		(5,944)		58,651		6,227
Downriver Sewage Disposal System Bonds, Partial Completion Bonds:												
Amount of issue - \$283,580	4.5% -	\$11,906 -										
Maturing through 2018 State Revolving Fund - Downriver Sewage	5.125%	\$22,206		231,133		-		(11,906)		219,227		12,473
Disposal System Bonds:												
Amount of issue - \$2,364,903	2.000/	\$107 -		1 (52 0/0				(10(404)		1 545 (2)		100 350
Maturing through 2021 South Huron Valley Wastewater Control System: SRF Expansion Bonds:	2.00%	\$62,460		1,652,060		-		(106,424)		1,545,636		108,350
Amount of issue - \$26,307,133 Maturing through 2020 Deferred amount on refunding South Huron Valley Wastewater Control System Bonds - SRF:	2.25%	\$337,445 - \$471,000		6,403,309 (40,901)		-		(337,445) 9,439		6,065,864 (31,462)		344,749 (9,439)
Amount of issue - \$1,803,964 Maturing through 2011 Compensated absences	2.00%	\$104,414 - \$117,815		778,875 19,911		- 2,103		(104,414)		674,461 22,014		106,531
Compensated absences	-	-	-	17,711	-	2,103	_			22,014		-
Total business-type activities			\$	9,886,352	\$	2,103	\$	(949,812)	\$	8,938,643	\$	765,641

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

		Principal										
	Interest Rate	Maturity	Beginning Balance						Ending	С	ue Within	
	Ranges	Ranges			Additions		Reductions			Balance	(One Year
Component Units												
Downtown Development Authority:												
1995 Revenue Bonds:												
Amount of issue - \$5,000,000		\$155,000 -										
Maturing through 2016	8.40%	\$700,000	\$	4,565,000	\$	-	\$	(4,565,000)	\$	-	\$	-
2005 Revenue Bond:												
Amount of issue - \$4,405,000	3.00%	\$145,000 -										
Maturing through 2025	5.00%	\$330,000		-		4,405,000		-		4,405,000		145,000
2005 Refunding Bond:												
Amount of issue - \$4,440,000	3.50%	\$360,000 -										
Maturing through 2015	5.00%	\$660,000		_		4,440,000		_		4,440,000		360,000
Deferred amount on refunding						(88,347)		7,362		(80,985)		(7,362)
Local Development Financing Authority:												
Tax Increment Bonds - Series 2003:	2.25%											
Amount of issue - \$28,199,656	5.38%	\$245,000 -										
Maturing through 2032		\$2,285,000	_	27,804,656	_		_	(650,000)	_	27,154,656		645,000
Total component unit activities			\$	32,369,656	\$	8,756,653	\$	(5,207,638)	\$	35,918,671	\$	1,142,638

The Township has committed its full faith and credit for all debt outstanding for the Local Development Finance Authority.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bond and note obligations are as follows:

		Gover	nm	ental Act	ivitie	es	Business-type Activities						Component Units									
	F	Principal	_1	nterest		Total		Principal Inte		Principal		Interest	Total		Total			Principal		Interest		Total
2006	\$	75,759	\$	10,599	\$	86,358	\$	775,080	\$	214,769	\$	989,849	\$	1,150,000	\$	1,337,525	\$	2,487,525				
2007		79,139		7,219		86,358		652,114		193,626		845,740		1,180,000		1,317,526		2,497,526				
2008		82,670		3,688		86,358		667,513		176,499		844,012		1,235,000		1,282,364		2,517,364				
2009		-		-		-		683,705		158,829		842,534		1,290,000		1,243,627		2,533,627				
2010		-		-		-		632,732		142,694		775,426		890,000		1,207,723		2,097,723				
2011-2015		-		-		-		2,862,607		507,801		3,370,408		4,825,000		5,401,087		10,226,087				
2016-2020		-		-		-		2,667,099		180,564		2,847,663		9,415,000		3,701,704		13,116,704				
2021-2025		-		-		-		7,241		180		7,421		9,970,165		4,578,243		14,548,408				
2026-2030		-		-		-		-				-		4,689,382		9,437,274		14,126,656				
2030-2035	_		_	-				-	_	-	_	<u>-</u>	_	1,355,109	_	4,684,891	_	6,040,000				
Total	\$	237,568	\$	21,506	\$	259,074	\$	8,948,091	\$	1,574,962	\$	10,523,053	\$	35,999,656	\$	34,191,964	\$	70,191,620				

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Advance and Current Refundings - During the year, the Downtown Development Authority issued \$4,440,000 in tax increment revenue refunding bonds with an average interest rate of 4.25 percent. The proceeds of these bonds were used to advance refund \$4,410,000 of outstanding 1995 revenue bonds with an average interest rate of 8.4 percent. The net proceeds of \$4,498,347 (after payment of \$211,335 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$444,000 of debt service reserve monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the original bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for the bonds has been removed from the government-wide statement of net assets. The advance refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 10 years by approximately \$1,471,000, which represents an economic gain of approximately \$1,004,000.

Note 7 - Restricted Assets

The balances of the restricted asset accounts are as follows:

		Component Units							
						Total			
	Business-type				C	Component			
	Activities	DDA		LDFA		Units			
Cash and equivalents:									
Property tax collections	\$ 15,155,978	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-			
Bond reserve	-	1,254,813		2,625,912		3,880,725			
Unspent bond proceeds	-	3,691,706		668,018		4,359,724			
Net assets held by Wayne County	1,301,954					-			
Total restricted assets	\$ 16,457,932	\$ 4,946,519	\$	3,293,930	\$	8,240,449			

Enterprise Fund net assets totaling \$1,310,954 are restricted for water line and sewer system construction, replacement, and improvement and debt service. These restricted assets result from the issuance of debt or the receipt of contributed capital and, therefore, it is not necessary to restrict net assets. The remaining balance of \$15,155,978 is from property tax collections and is restricted for debt service payments. Net assets have been restricted for this amount.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 7 - Restricted Assets (Continued)

Restricted assets in the Downtown Development Authority are restricted for the purpose of the 2005A Tax Incremental Revenue Bonds and the 2005B Tax Incremental Revenue Refunding Bonds debt reserve requirements. Net assets have been restricted for \$1,254,813. Restricted assets in the Local Development Finance Authority are restricted for the 2003 revenue bond debt reserve requirements and unspent bond proceeds. Net assets have been restricted for \$1,951,250.

Note 8 - Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Township has purchased commercial insurance for employee injuries and medical benefits, and participates in the risk pool for claims relating to property loss, torts, and errors and omissions. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority (the "Authority") risk pool program operates as a claims servicing pool for amounts up to member retention limits, and operates as a common risk-sharing management program for losses in excess of member retention amounts. Although premiums are paid annually to the Authority that the Authority uses to pay claims up to the retention limits, the ultimate liability for those claims remains with the Township.

The Township estimates the liability for general liability claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including both those claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported. These estimates are recorded in the government-wide statements and the Water and Sewer Fund. Changes in the estimated liability for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 were as follows:

Estimated liability - January 1, 2004	\$ -	
Claims incurred - Including changes in estimates	95,869	
Claim payments	 (95,869))
Estimated liability - December 31, 2004	-	
Claims incurred - Including changes in estimates	54,573	
Claim payments	 (54,573))
Estimated liability - December 31, 2005	\$ -	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 9 - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Township provides pension benefits to all of its full-time employees through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate as of the first day of the next month after employment. As established by union or employee contractual agreements with general government employees, the Township contributes 12 percent of employees' base earnings and employees contribute a minimum of 5 percent of earnings, with the option of contributing up to 15 percent. In accordance with these requirements, the Township contributed approximately \$353,000 during the current year, and employees contributed approximately \$175,000.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Township's police command, police officers, and dispatch employees participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan (MERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The system provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the system at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

Funding Policy - The obligation to contribute to and maintain the MERS for these employees was established by negotiation with the Township's collective bargaining units and arbitration rulings under Michigan Public Act 312 of 1969 and requires a contribution from the employees of 5 percent and 8.55 percent of base wages for the police patrol/dispatch and police command, respectively. Additionally, the Township contributes 12 percent of base wages for the police patrol/dispatch and command annually.

Annual Pension Costs - For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Township's annual pension cost of \$300,481 for the plan was equal to the required and actual contribution. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an initial actuarial valuation performed by MERS at October 1, 2001, using an entry age normal actuarial method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include: (a) an 8 percent investment rate of return, and (b) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent per year, attributable to inflation plus additional salary increases attributable to seniority/merit. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation component of 4.5 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a four-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percent of payroll over a period of years. The remaining amortization period is 30 years.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Additional actuarial information for the Michigan Municipal Employees Retirement System is as follows:

	 2005	 2004
Annual pension costs (APC)	\$ 300,481	\$ 79,828
Percentage of APC contributed	100%	100%
Net pension obligation	\$ -	\$ -
		 2004
Actuarial value of assets		\$ 1,519,751
Actuarial accrued liability (entry age) (AAL)		\$ 3,195,037
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)		\$ 1,675,286
Funded ratio		47.60%
Covered payroll		\$ 2,032,889
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		82.41%

The Township's participation in the plan was initiated during the year ended December 31, 2004. As the actuarial valuation for the year ended December 31, 2005 was not available as of the audit date, only one year of trend information is disclosed during the current year.

Note II - Contingent Liabilities

The Township, along with several other communities in the Downriver Sewer Disposal System, was involved in litigation brought by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency related to violations of the U.S. Clean Water Act. As a result of the violations, the communities are obligated to upgrade the system. The Township issued bonds approximating \$2,722,000 to pay for costs related to the system improvements. The modifications to the system are substantially complete; however, final completion bonds and capital improvement bonds of approximately \$162,000 are expected to be issued during 2006.

Note 12 - Other Postemployment Benefits

The Township provides health care benefits to all full-time employees meeting age and years of service requirements, upon retirement, in accordance with labor contracts. Currently, 12 retirees are eligible. The Township includes pre-Medicare retirees and their spouses (with a copay) in its insured health care plan. The Township purchases supplemental insurance for eligible retirees.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 12 - Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Expenditures for postemployment health care benefits are recognized in the General and Water and Sewer Funds as the insurance premiums become due; during the year, this amounted to approximately \$86,000 and \$12,000, respectively.

Upcoming Reporting Change - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has recently released Statement Number 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The new pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care, as well as any other postemployment benefits (other than pensions). The new rules will cause the government-wide financial statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. The new pronouncement is effective for the year ending December 31, 2008.

Note 13 - Designated Fund Balance

Fund balances have been designated for the following purposes:

						Capital
	(General	L	andfill	lmp	provement
		Fund	-	Fund		Fund
Senior center bequest fund	\$	19,803	\$	-	\$	-
Estimated future insurance claims		250,000		-		-
French Landing dam improvements		112,500		-		-
Computer networking equipment		20,000		-		-
Compensated absences		70,030		-		-
Sidewalk maintenance		25,000		-		-
Quirk/Tyler property improvement		800,000		250,000		-
Capital improvement		-		-		463,104
Fire equipment replacement		360,491		-		-
Retiree health care		-		800,000		-
Debt service		-	5	,100,000		-
Designated for subsequent year's budgeted						
expenditures in excess of budgeted revenue		504,208				
Total	\$ 2	2,162,032	\$ 6	,150,000	\$	463,104

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 14 - Joint Ventures

The Township is a member of the South Huron Valley Utility Authority (the "Utility Authority"). The Utility Authority is a joint venture of the charter townships of Brownstown, Huron, and Van Buren, the cities of Flat Rock, Gibraltar, Romulus, and Woodhaven, and the village of South Rockwood. The Utility Authority was founded in order to acquire and operate a sewage disposal and wastewater treatment system. During the year, the Township contributed \$485,760 toward the operation of the system. In addition, debt payments of \$600,467, including both principal and interest, were made to the Utility Authority. The Township's portion of the debt is recorded in the Township's Water and Sewer Fund. The Township's share of the capital assets and net operating excess is also reflected in the Water and Sewer Fund. Complete financial statements for the Utility Authority can be obtained from the administrative offices at 46425 Tyler Road, Belleville, MI 48111. The Township is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future.

The Township, along with 12 other communities, jointly participates in the Downriver Sewage Disposal System. The Township's share of capital assets, restricted assets (for debt service), excess operating assets, and related debt is recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund. During the year, the Township paid \$240,684 for operations of the system and \$95,085 for debt service. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the administrative offices at 415 Clifford, Detroit, MI 48226. The Township is unaware of any circumstances that would cause additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future other than the items noted in Note 11.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Note 15 - Deferred Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds and governmental activities also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned, as does the Enterprise Fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue are as follows:

					Enterprise
		Fund			
	Unavailable		Unearned	Total	Unearned
Property taxes levied for 2006	\$	-	\$ 3,815,076	\$ 3,815,076	\$ 5,503,716
Special assessments Grants not received within 60		226,396	-	226,396	-
days after year end Program income not spent		141,475	-	141,475	-
by December 31, 2005			386	386	
Total	\$	367,871	\$ 3,815,462	\$ 4,183,333	\$ 5,503,716

Note 16 - Subsequent Event

On April 4, 2006, the Township approved the issuance of Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2006 (General Obligation Limited Tax) totaling \$5,120,000 at an interest rate range of 3.75 percent to 4.25 percent. The bonds are payable through 2022.

Required Supplemental Information

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2005

		Original		Amended		Varia	ance with
		Budget		Budget	Actual	Amen	ded Budget
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$	739,887	\$	722,387	\$ 725,773	\$	3,386
Public safety tax revenue		2,373,470		2,373,470	2,383,749		10,279
Licenses and permits		1,377,750		1,004,800	1,020,215		15,415
State sources		1,924,700		1,924,700	2,013,192		88,492
Charges for services		567,622		616,529	645,217		28,688
Fines and costs		248,000		248,000	236,503		(11,497)
Interest income		120,000		160,000	217,243		57,243
Other revenue	_	720,323	_	809,898	 811,777	-	1,879
Total revenue		8,071,752		7,859,784	8,053,669		193,885
Other Financing Sources - Operating							
transfer in		3,447,775		3,417,330	3,417,330		-
Expenditures							
General government:							
Township board		176,786		161,936	151,941		9,995
Supervisor		208,230		206,760	199,563		7,197
Elections		90,200		76,850	64,567		12,283
Assessor		271,618		272,872	269,508		3,364
Clerk		358,560		358,560	346,634		11,926
General office		347,200		389,200	359,136		30,064
Treasurer		300,162		301,162	290,759		10,403
Buildings and grounds		606,800		613,150	631,755		(18,605)
Accounting		55,000		55,000	57,153		(2,153)
Attorney fees		375,000		310,000	308,255		1,745
Cemetery		7,300		6,300	 1,881		4,419
Total general government		2,796,856		2,751,790	2,681,152		70,638
Public safety:							
Police		3,696,521		3,991,696	3,950,975		40,721
Fire		1,158,682		1,036,782	961,719		75,063
Dispatch operation and maintenance		522,892		522,892	462,538		60,354
Emergency management		8,522		7,400	7,440		(40)
Animal control		92,151		83,809	81,346		2,463
Building		1,085,411	_	998,991	 909,158		89,833
Total public safety		6,564,179		6,641,570	6,373,176		268,394

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Original Budget		Amended Budget	Actual		Variance with Amended Budget	
	 Budget		Duager		ACLUAI	Amer	ided Budget
Expenditures (Continued)							
Community and economic development -							
Environmental management	\$ 140,635	\$	20,200	\$	2,379	\$	17,821
Recreation and culture:							
Senior citizens	188,873		181,973		185,380		(3,407)
Community services	168,400		150,900		149,806		1,094
Parks and lakes	367,300		370,925		372,053		(1,128)
Special events	91,400		103,400		94,796		8,604
Recreation	336,850		336,850		306,303		30,547
Library	 395,245	_	397,197		397,197		
Total recreation and culture	1,548,068		1,541,245		1,505,535		35,710
Public works - Contracted services	141,000		139,700		135,859		3,841
Other - Insurance and other	 585,000	_	585,000		550,132		34,868
Total expenditures	 11,775,738	_	11,679,505		11,248,233		431,272
Excess of Revenue and Other Financing							
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	(256,211)		(402,391)		222,766		625,157
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	 3,086,357	_	2,855,648		2,855,648		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 2,830,146	\$	2,453,257	\$	3,078,414	\$	625,157

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Fund - Landfill Fund Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Or	iginal Budget		Amended Budget		Actual	A	riance with Amended Budget
Revenue Interest	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	222,572	\$	122,572
Landfill royalties	_	2,843,400	_	2,843,400	_	2,954,751	_	111,351
Total revenues		2,943,400		2,943,400		3,177,323		233,923
Expenditures - Public safety		1,500		401,500	_			401,500
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures		2,941,900		2,541,900		3,177,323		635,423
Other Financing Uses - Operating transfers out		(3,300,000)	_	(3,532,854)		(3,532,854)		
Excess of Expenditures and Other								
Financing Uses Over Revenue		(358,100)		(990,954)		(355,531)		635,423
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		8,493,141		9,069,549		9,069,549		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	8,135,041	\$	8,078,595	\$	8,714,018	\$	635,423

Other Supplemental Information

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Community				Drug			
	De	evelopment	Dru	g Forfeiture		Capital	Forfeiture -	
	ВІ	lock Grant		- Federal	Improvement		State	
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	_	\$	90,013	\$	416,617	\$	67,229
Receivables - Special assessments		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		115,524		-
Due from other governmental units		158,421		-		-		-
Prepaid expenditures								-
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	158,421	<u>\$</u>	90,013	<u>\$</u>	532,141	\$	67,229
Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficit)								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	22,126	\$	-	\$	69,037	\$	28,720
Accrued and other liabilities		=		-		-		-
Due to other funds		139,262		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		113,727			-	-		
Total liabilities		275,115		-		69,037		28,720
Fund Balances (Deficit)								
Reserved		=		90,013		-		38,509
Unreserved - Designated		=		-		463,104		-
Unreserved - Undesignated		(116,694)						
Total fund balances (deficit)		(116,694)		90,013		463,104		38,509
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficit)	\$	158,421	\$	90,013	\$	532,141	\$	67,229

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2005

				Special R	evenue Funds			
_ 9	II Service	Museum	Cable	Bemis Road Project	Lohr Road Project	Venetian DeWitt Paving	Belle Harbor/Lake Crest Paving	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	398,659 - - - - -	\$ 19,085 - - - - 623	\$ 283,319 - - - -	\$ 101,495 - - - -	\$ 16,895 94,146 - - -	\$ 1,667 3,333 - - -	\$ 13,565 113,685 - - -	\$ 1,408,544 211,164 115,524 158,421 623
<u>\$</u>	398,659	\$ 19,708	\$ 283,319	\$ 101,495	<u>\$ 111,041</u>	\$ 5,000	\$ 127,250	\$ 1,894,276
\$	4,281 - - -	\$ 2,621 - - -	\$ 17,999 516 724	\$ - - - -	\$ - - 93,182 94,146	\$ - 4,944 5,000	\$ 6,362 - 121,215 127,250	\$ 151,146 516 359,327 340,123
	4,281	2,621	19,239	-	187,328	9,944	254,827	851,112
_	394,378	17,087	264,080	101,495	(76,287)		(127,577)	641,482 463,104 (61,422)
\$	394,378 398,659	17,087 \$ 19,708	264,080 \$ 283,319	101,495 \$ 101,495	(76,287) \$ 111,041	(4,944) \$ 5,000	(127,577) \$ 127,250	1,043,164 \$ 1,894,276

			Special Reve	nue Funds	
	Community Development Block Grant		Drug Forfeiture - Federal	Capital Improvement	Drug Forfeiture - State
Revenue					
Federal sources	\$	128,403	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special assessments	Ψ	-	_	_	<u>-</u>
Interest income		_	2,453	14,011	2,509
911 revenue		_	, -	, -	, -
Museum contributions and other		=	-	-	-
Forfeitures and seizures			4,526		16,131
Total revenue		128,403	6,979	14,011	18,640
Expenditures					
Public safety		-	7, 4 17	-	96,041
Public works		-	-	-	-
Community and economic development		241,391	-	-	-
Recreation and culture		-	=	-	-
Other				274,673	
Total expenditures		241,391	7,417	274,673	96,041
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(112,988)	(438)	(260,662)	(77,401)
Other Financing Sources - Transfers in				115,524	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(112,988)	(438)	(145,138)	(77,401)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of year		(3,706)	90,451	608,242	115,910
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of year	\$	(116,694)	\$ 90,013	<u>\$ 463,104</u>	\$ 38,509

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2005

9	I I Service	Museum	 Cable	mis Road Project	ohr Road Project	I	enetian DeWitt Paving	Harl	Belle bor/Lake st Paving	al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 128,403
	-	-	-	11,057	16,418		-		-	27,475
	11,851	537	6,853	2,781	477		-		-	41,472
	97,127		-	-	_		-		=	97,127
	-	72,742	237,438	-	-		-		-	310,180
			 	 	 					 20,657
	108,978	73,279	244,291	13,838	16,895		-		-	625,314
	189,518	-	_	_	-		-		_	292,976
	_	_	-	-	_		4,944		127,577	132,521
	_	-	113,767	-	_		-		-	355,158
	-	72,542	_	-	_		_		-	72,542
			 	 	 					 274,673
	189,518	72,542	 113,767	 	 -		4,944		127,577	 1,127,870

(80,540)

(80,540)

474,918

737

737

130,524

130,524

Special Revenue Funds

16,895

16,895

(4,944)

(4,944)

(127,577)

(127,577)

(502,556)

115,524

(387,032)

13,838

13,838





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April 5, 2006

To the Board of Trustees Charter Township of Van Buren Wayne County, Michigan

Dear Board Members:

We have recently completed our audit of the financial statements of the Charter Township of Van Buren for the year ended December 31, 2005. As a result, we offer the following comments and recommendations for your consideration:

Revenue Sharing

The State's fiscal year 2005/2006 provides for both constitutional and statutory revenue sharing at approximately \$1.1 billion, which is basically the fiscal year 2004/2005 funding level. As with the past several years, revenue-sharing payments on an individual community-by-community basis for fiscal year 2005/2006 will be funded at approximately fiscal year 2004/2005 levels.

The governor's proposed 2006/2007 budget did not include any additional funding for local governments. As a result, it is expected that overall revenue-sharing payments to communities for fiscal year 2006/2007 will remain stagnant at the 2004/2005 level.

Even though there is the expectation that revenue sharing will hold constant at prior year funding levels, continued caution should be exercised when budgeting this line item. While it is good news that revenue sharing may be maintained at current levels, sales tax revenue would support an increase to total state shared-revenue payments. However, for fiscal years 2004/2005, 2005/2006, and 2006/2007, the appropriation in the State's budget for revenue-sharing payments is over \$500 million less annually than amounts provided for in law and based on actual sales tax collections. For those three years, revenue-sharing distributions are planned to be approximately \$1.6 billion less than amounts provided by statutory formulas. There appears to be no long-term solution to the State's structural deficit in its General Fund and as long as this condition exists revenue sharing remains at risk and a return to past funding levels is not likely in the foreseeable future.

State-shared revenue accounts for approximately 23 percent of the Township's total General Fund revenue. The table below details state-shared revenue for the Township over the past five years broken out by statutory and constitutional portions. In addition, it details the total decrease in state-shared revenue experienced by the Township compared to the State's fiscal year 2001.



State Revenue Sharing (Continued)

State Fiscal Year	<u>Statutory</u>	<u>Constitutional</u>	<u>Total</u>	Decrease from 2001
2001	\$ 963,354	\$ 1,528,795	\$ 2,492,149	\$ -
2002	847,158	1,544,367	2,391,525	100,624
2003	718,450	1,570,514	2,288,964	203,185
2004	503,759	1,553,454	2,057,213	434,936
2005	444,261	1,590,528	2,034,789	457,360
2006*	391,602	1,630,210	2,021,812	470,337

^{*} Estimated

If the State were to eliminate the statutory portion of revenue sharing (as the constitutional portion cannot be modified without a change to the State's constitution), the Township has approximately \$444,261 at risk in its General Fund budget based on 2005 funding levels. We will continue to update the Township as developments occur. The statutory formula expires in 2007 and requires action by the Legislature.

The revenue-sharing act does provide that a city, village, or township with a minimum 10 percent population growth confirmed by a special census, and levying at least one mill, is eligible for an annual payment for a portion or all of the growth population. Even if the Township meets these criteria, funds for the special census payment must be appropriated by the Legislature.

We will continue to update the Township as developments occur.

Municipal Finance Act - Reminder

The Municipal Finance Act was amended several years ago. Communities are now required to submit a filing once a year with the Michigan Department of Treasury. The old 10-day "exemption from prior approval" process has been eliminated and is replaced with this qualification process. This filing will serve as a pre-approval for future debt issues. The current filing is due within six months of the Township's year end (June 30, 2006) and is good for one year thereafter. The Township should consider the need to file a qualifying statement for each of its component units.

Property Assessment Cap

As you recall, Proposal A limits the growth in taxable value to the lesser of inflation or 5 percent. The inflation factor for this calculation is published by the State Tax Commission and is:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
2006	3.3
2005	2.3
2004	2.3
2003	1.5
2002	3.2
2001	3.2
2000	1.9
1999	1.6
1998	2.7
1997	2.8
1996	2.8

Property taxes are the Township's largest source of General Fund revenue. However, as indicated above, growth in existing property taxes can be significantly limited due to Proposal A. This factor should be considered when the Township is involved in long-term financial planning.

Tax Matters

The governor and the Legislature spent considerable time in 2005 on business tax reform, with specific focus on the Michigan Single Business Tax. The final approved business tax reform plan appeared to spare local governments from any negative impact of the changes. A key component to this plan is a significant credit on personal property taxes paid by certain businesses. Many questions have arisen from these proposals such as who determines the property that qualifies for credit, how will local governments be reimbursed by the State for the lost tax revenue as is the stated intention, etc. Currently, the plan as passed provides for a personal property tax credit for certain businesses on their Michigan single business tax return. After the approval of these changes, new discussion and debate is ongoing regarding the complete repeal of the Michigan single business tax. While single business tax is not the source of revenue-sharing payments to local governments, the repeal of the Single Business Tax without replacement revenue or a corresponding reduction in State spending may impact the State's ability to fund statutory revenue sharing.

Local Government Finance Model

In 2005, the governor created a Local Government Fiscal Task Force to study the financial challenges of Michigan local governments. While their report was originally due by November 30, 2005, the Local Government Fiscal Task Force held its first meeting in September 2005. A report from this group is expected in 2006. Unrelated to the Local Government Fiscal Task Force, Citizens Research Council is conducting a study focused on documenting the nature and extent of structural fiscal problems facing local governments and to catalogue local services and activities for local units (with the intention that local governments will use this information to study the possibility of greater collaborative efforts to optimize government resources).

Funding of Postemployment Benefit Obligations

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has recently released Statement Number 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The new pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care benefits. The intent of the new rules is to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. These new rules will apply to the government-wide financial statements, rather than the individual fund level. As a result, the Township will need to continue to budget for contributions to a pre-funding plan. For many communities, the funding of post-employment benefits is the most significant financial challenge they will face in coming years. Although the statement will not be effective until the Township's 2008 calendar year, the Township should consider performing an actuarial valuation in the near future to provide an estimate as to what these annual costs may amount to. The cost of health care currently paid each year as premiums become due has been increasing and the trend is expected to continue.

Downriver Sewer System

As mentioned in previous years, the Township, along with several other communities in the Downriver Sewer System, are currently upgrading the system as a result of litigation brought by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. This upgrading is being administered by Wayne County, which includes the issuance of debt on behalf of the communities and construction and cash management. During our audit, the County was unable to confirm to us that all property taxes submitted to the County have been credited to "our account." The Township should follow up with County personnel to determine that all payments to the County are credited to Township "accounts."

Accounting Items

We noted the following areas that may also need some attention during 2006:

Wire Transfers - According to the Township's ACH policy, approval from an elected official is not required for investment wire transfers. Therefore, the deputy treasurer has the ability to initiate and approve an investment wire transfer. During our testing, we did not find any discrepancies in the wire transfers, although we do recommend that the Township consider revising their ACH policy so that every ACH investment transfer requires written approval from a supervisor to ensure the safeguarding of Township's assets.

Community Development Block Grant - During the current year, \$113,342 of CDBG grant money was spent, but the reimbursement requests had not yet been submitted as of April 2006. Since this is a reimbursement type of grant, the Township's General Fund loans the money necessary to pay for the grant expenditures and is then repaid once the grant funds are received. At December 31, 2005, the CDBG fund had a deficit of \$116,694. We suggest submitting reimbursement requests at a minimum of a quarterly basis so that the General Fund is repaid in a more timely manner.

Customer Deposits - During our audit, it was noted that the customer deposits payable listing as of December 31, 2005 had a significant balance of deposits over a year old. The Township should monitor this listing at a minimum quarterly to ensure all completed project deposits are refunded timely.

Manual Journal Entries - During our journal entry testing, it was noted that not all journal entries are reviewed by another individual prior to posting. Although the Township treasurer does review the general ledger regularly, we recommend the Township initiate a policy in which these journal entries are systematically reviewed and a signature is placed on all entries as evidence of review.

We would like to thank the board of trustees, supervisor, clerk, treasurer, and other departmental staff for the courtesy and cooperation extended to us during the audit. We appreciate the continued opportunity to serve as your auditors for the Township. We would be happy to answer any questions you have regarding the annual financial report, or the above comments and recommendations at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

Plante & Moran, PLLC

David H. Helisek

Wendy N. Trumbull

Wendy Trumbull